EA



OF THE INVENTION

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3 SA A new three-dimensional (3D) MR imaging pulse sequence can produce over 100 high-resolution, high-contrast images in as little as 6 minutes of imaging time. Without additional imaging 5 61/ time, this same image data can be post-processed to yield highresolution, high-contrast images in any arbitrary orientation. 7

8 Thus, this new pulse sequence technique provides detailed yet com-

9 prehensive coverage. The method of this invention relates to a preparation-acquisition-recovery sequence cycle. The first step 10

11 is magnetization preparation (MP) period. The MP period can

emply a series of RF pulses, gradient field pulses, and/or time 12

delays to encode the desired contrast properties in the form of

longitudinal magnetization. A data acquisition period includes

at least two repetitions of a gradient echo sequence to acquire

16 data for a fraction of k-space. A magnetization recovery period

17 K is provided which allows T1 and T2 relaxation before the start of

18 the next sequence cycle. The MP, data acquisition and magnetiza-

tion recovery steps are repeated until a predetermined k-space

19 20 volume is sampled.

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